a hazardous material in a package, outside container, or overpack aboard an aircraft unless the package, outside container, or overpack is inspected by the operator of the aircraft immediately before placing it:

- (1) Aboard the aircraft; or
- (2) In a unit load device or on a pallet prior to loading aboard the aircraft.
- (c) A hazardous material may be carried aboard an aircraft only if, based on the inspection by the operator, the package, outside container, or overpack containing the hazardous material:
- (1) Has no holes, leakage or other indication that its integrity has been compromised; and
- (2) For Class 7 (radioactive) materials, does not have a broken seal, except packages contained in overpacks need not be inspected for seal integrity.
- (d) The requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section do not apply to Dry ice (carbon dioxide, solid).
- (e) An overpack containing packages of hazardous materials may be accepted only if the operator has taken all reasonable steps to establish that:
- (1) The overpack does not contain a package bearing the "CARGO AIR-CRAFT ONLY" label unless—
- (i) The overpack affords clear visibility of and easy access to the package;
- (ii) The package contains a material which may be carried inaccessibly under the provisions of §175.75(e); or
- (iii) Not more than one package is overpacked.
- (2) The proper shipping names, identification numbers, labels and special handling instructions appearing on the inside packages are clearly visible or reproduced on the outside of the overpack, and
- (3) Has determined that word "OVERPACK", or until October 1, 2007 a statement to the effect that the inside packages comply with the prescribed specifications, appears on the outside of the overpack, when specification packagings are prescribed.

[71 FR 14604, Mar. 22, 2006, as amended at 72 FR 25177, May 3, 2007; 73 FR 57006, Oct. 1, 2008]

§ 175.31 Reports of discrepancies.

- (a) Each person who discovers a discrepancy, as defined in paragraph (b) of this section, relative to the shipment of a hazardous material following its acceptance for transportation aboard an aircraft shall, as soon as practicable, notify the nearest FAA Regional or Field Security Office by telephone or electronically, and shall provide the following information:
- (1) Name and telephone number of the person reporting the discrepancy.
 - (2) Name of the aircraft operator.
- (3) Specific location of the shipment concerned.
 - (4) Name of the shipper.
 - (5) Nature of discrepancy.
- (6) Address of the shipper or person responsible for the discrepancy, if known, by the air carrier.
- (b) Discrepancies which must be reported under paragraph (a) of this section are those involving hazardous materials which are improperly described, certified, labeled, marked, or packaged, in a manner not ascertainable when accepted under the provisions of \$175.30(a) of this subchapter including packages or baggage which are found to contain hazardous materials subsequent to their being offered and accepted as other than hazardous materials.

§ 175.33 Shipping paper and notification of pilot-in-command.

- (a) When a hazardous material subject to the provisions of this subchapter is carried in an aircraft, a copy of the shipping paper required by §175.30(a)(2) must accompany the shipment it covers during transportation aboard the aircraft, and the operator of the aircraft must provide the pilot-incommand with accurate and legible written information as early as practicable before departure of the aircraft, which specifies at least the following:
- (1) The proper shipping name, hazard class and identification number of the material, including any remaining aboard from prior stops, as specified in §172.101 of this subchapter or the ICAO Technical Instructions. In the case of Class 1 materials, the compatibility group letter also must be shown. If a hazardous material is described by the proper shipping name, hazard class,